



# Post-16 data collection: 10 September 2024 to 4 October 2024

The collection of post-16 data for the 2023/2024 academic year

# **Technical completion notes**

Date of issue: 28 August 2024

Version: 1.0

## Post-16 data collection: 10 September 2024 to 4 October 2024

#### **Audience**

Head teachers of maintained secondary and middle schools that had pupils in the national curriculum Year 12 or above at any time in the academic year 2023/24, local authorities and school information management system software suppliers.

#### **Overview**

These technical completion notes are provided by the Welsh Government as guidance to support the above audience in complying with their statutory duties.

#### **Action required**

All maintained secondary and middle schools that had pupils in the National Curriculum Year 12 or above at any time in the academic year 2023/24 must submit a post-16 collection return.

#### **Further information**

If you need further advice on the completion of any part of your post-16 collection return, please contact your local authority in the first instance.

Details on post-16 funding can be found at <a href="https://www.gov.wales/post-16-education-and-skills">https://www.gov.wales/post-16-education-and-skills</a>.

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#### **Additional copies**

This document can be accessed from the Welsh Government website at gov.wales.

Mae'r ddogfen yma hefyd ar gael yn Gymraeg. This document is also available in Welsh.



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#### 1. Overview

All references to collection period or academic year refer to 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024.

The notes are for head teachers of maintained secondary or middle schools, which had pupils in national curriculum Year (NCY) Group 12 or above at any time in the academic year **2023/24**, local authorities and software suppliers.

The timetable for submission is as follows:

Date	Action
Tuesday 10 September 2024	DEWi opens for post-16 data collection
Local authority defined	Return to local authority via DEWi
Friday 4 October 2024	Deadline for submissions to Welsh Government via DEWi

The structure of this document is that sections 1 to 3 provide introductory information on what is required in the post-16 collection return. Sections 4 to 6 and the annexes describe each required item in detail, providing information where appropriate on:

- the nature of the data to be returned:
- the valid codes/categories to be used;
- why the data is required; and
- background information detailing any special caveats or situations which apply.

## 1.1 Major changes from last year

The following list shows the main changes since the previous post-16 collection period collection:

- dates rolled forward by a year.
- removal of Gender data item and replacement with Sex data item.
- Advanced Skills Challenge Certificate (C00/0721/2) and Advanced Welsh Baccalaureate (C00/0721/16) replaced by the new Advanced Skills Baccalaureate Wales qualification (C00/4571/8)

## 2. Checklist and prerequisites

Ensure the following are included as part of this return:

- Unique Learner Numbers (ULNs) have been populated. These are available from DEWi for pupils aged 14+ after the Pupil Level Annual School Census (PLASC) return.
- All pupils registered with an Enrolment Status of 'C' or 'M' submitted as part of the PLASC return that had an NCY Group in '12','13' or '14'.
- Programmes have the correct activities associated with them.
- Records relating to pupils who start an A2 programme EARLY at the end
  of their AS year, should NOT have the A2 programme and activities
  submitted as part of the collection for the AS year but included for the
  following year.

In addition, as a prerequisite for this data collection, activities started and later changed should not be deleted from the file as they will be used to provide you with management information, such as for the number of withdrawals and transfers that took place. They should be recorded as a withdrawal or a transfer (see Completion Status).

# 3. Future developments

At present there are no specific developments planned for future post-16 data collections.

#### 4. Introduction

The post-16 planning and funding framework was introduced in 2014 and one of the key aims was to better understand the return the Welsh Government gets from its investment in the post-16 sector in Wales. The framework aims to make better use of actual pupil current information to influence planning and funding decisions.

As a result, the Welsh Government introduced a requirement for all maintained secondary and middle schools with pupils in NCY group 12, 13 and/or 14, to report all learning activities and programmes undertaken by learners in the previous academic year (earlier post-16 data collections were based on a 'snapshot' in time).

The data will be used to:

- derive future years' local authority school sixth form funding allocations;
   and
- monitor programme delivery as part of the Post-16 Planning and Funding Framework.

The data is also used to support the development of consistent performance measures for post-16 learning, as recommended in the Review of Qualifications for 14 to 19-year-olds. This will ensure that where learners are doing the same qualifications in different settings, colleges and schools can be held accountable for outcomes in the same way and compared on a 'level playing field'.

The data submitted is used to calculate the post-16 achievement measures which look at the retention and achievement of learners undertaking A level, vocational and Welsh Baccalaureate programmes. Achievement data tables were sent to schools and local authorities in March 2024 based on 2022/23 data.

We have developed a DEWi management report that is automatically generated when the post-16 collection file is uploaded to DEWi. The report calculates school-level figures that will feed directly into the performance measures so should be used to assist in validating the data.

The programmes directory lists the full-time programmes which will be eligible for funding and sets out the requirements for each eligible programme. Each eligible programme has a unique programme code which will be used for all aspects of planning, funding and performance reporting. Further information on this can be found on the Welsh Government's Post-16 Planning and Funding website pages.

## 5. Key features

The key features of the post-16 data collection are:

- collects data relating to pupils in NCY 12, 13 and 14 during the previous academic year where the Enrolment Status is:
  - C Current (single registration at this school)
  - M Current main (dual registration
- includes data about all programmes and activities followed by any of these pupils during the previous academic year; and
- the data required is at a programme and learning activity (i.e. course) level and not only at the pupil level.

Much of the individual pupil and learning activity records for the post-16 collection will be generated automatically by your school's information management software and parts of them may not be editable manually. It is essential therefore that all relevant pupil data, and where appropriate all relevant class data, is entered into your system before the post-16 collection return is created.

Once your post-16 collection return is generated it is essential that it be carefully checked before submission. Your information management system should carry out an extensive set of validation checks on the post-16 collection return and produce reports of errors and queries. All errors need to be corrected and queries checked before forwarding the return to your local authority. If the return contains significant errors when it reaches the Welsh Government, then it may need to be corrected and re-submitted.

## 5.1 Learning activity level

At learning activity level, the full year (all changes to programmes and activities during the academic year) needs to be collected and included.

The collection enables the Welsh Government to accurately identify which activities are being undertaken by learners to monitor participation and dropout rates, and to match to examinations results data.

## 5.2 Programme level

At programme level, the full year data will be used:

- to support the calculation of achievement measures at programme level, including achievement of A-level and vocational programmes, and the Welsh Baccalaureate;
- to create (at a local authority level) an average programme value for funding. Details of which programmes have been delivered will be used

- alongside predicted headcount information to derive future years' local authority sixth form allocations; and
- to monitor and understand how effective the learning offer is against its
  defined purpose and outcomes. When used alongside the outcomes,
  this process will highlight programmes which are underperforming and,
  potentially, identify areas where there is a shortage or demand for
  provision.

Programme content and delivery methods will also be monitored to provide assurance that programme delivery requirements are being met. The Welsh Government will use data from the post-16 collection to:

- provide assurance that programme values are appropriate;
- monitor, review and explore the potential for more efficient models of delivery at a programme level; and
- compare programme outputs and outcomes at a provider and at the sector level.

Using the information in the framework to monitor delivery in this way will improve accountability and provide crucial evidence to influence change when required. It will also provide the Welsh Government with the information to understand what it gets in return for public investment in learning. Only in circumstances of continued poor performance will this monitoring information have a direct impact on providers' allocations.

## 5.3 Stages for producing your post-16 collection return

Ensure that all relevant pupil (and where appropriate class) data have been correctly entered into your information management system.

Generate the post-16 collection return, amending and supplementing any pupil, programme and learning activity data, which may not have been included in the file generated by your information management system, based on default class information.

Check the return for accuracy, studying reports of errors and queries, and resolving where necessary.

Obtain head teacher's authorisation and once the return has been authorised by it should be sent to your local authority via DEWi. The mechanics of the transmission process will vary from one local authority to another, so please contact your local authority for details.

Returns will not be edited by Welsh Government after being submitted via DEWi.

These completion notes should be read in conjunction with any software specific post-16 collection documentation.

## 6. Data entry and data checking

### 6.1 Data entry

These technical completion notes provide a full list of the data items for a pupil, programme, learning activity and school that must be entered into your system and submitted in your post—16 collection return. Please note that the data field references in this document reflect the data values as contained in the data file that your software prepares for transmission to your local authority and the Welsh Government. Be aware that these values and data field names may not always coincide with the way the software holds the data internally or presents it to you on screen.

Your software will provide a detailed report of validation errors and queries in your return. A **query** reflects some inaccuracy in or omission from the return or there is an uncertainty. An **error** is the presence of an illegal character or value in a data item, or a logical inconsistency between data items or between different aspects of the return.

#### 6.2 Queries

They may relate to an unusual feature of the data (for example that a pupil in NCY group 12 is less than 15 years of age), which suggests, but does not prove, the presence of some inaccuracy or omission; or they may be used as a prompt in areas where there seems a particularly high risk of errors occurring – pupil learning activities, for example. Some schools may have pupils following more than 6 activities of the same type, but these are exceptions, and the software will query such cases.

Queries of either kind need to be investigated to establish whether there is an inaccuracy or omission, although the conclusion may be that the data are in fact correct.

#### 6.3 Errors

It is essential for you to resolve all errors before submitting the return to your local authority. It is also essential to investigate all queries, and to amend the data where it transpires that they are incorrect. On arrival at the Welsh Government, returns which contain significant errors will be rejected and will have to be re-submitted. The school will be required to amend the errors and upload the revised return file through DEWi. Returns will not be edited by Welsh Government after being submitted via DEWi.

#### 6.4 Checks

However, neither these data checks, nor the validation rules the software subsequently applies to the post–16 collection return, can establish whether you have provided all the pupil or course data that should have been entered, for example, that all learning activities for each pupil are in your system.

So, although the data checks are very important, you cannot assume that successful completion of them guarantees that all necessary data items are present, and that your post—16 collection return will be correct. Nor does the absence of any validation errors or queries guarantee that. You must therefore ensure that you have fully entered into your system all of the data items set out in this document. To assist you in ensuring complete data capture your software should have the facility to provide summary tables and/or reports. It is important that you use these tables and/or reports to verify that the data you are submitting are complete.

**IMPORTANT NOTE**: Unless otherwise stated, all data items described in the following sections are mandatory for the post-16 collection period.

Activities and programmes should not be deleted from a pupil record once they have been entered. The appropriate Completion Status should be used when an activity or programme changes.

# 7. Summary of data fields to be returned in October 2024 post-16 collection

#### **School identifiers**

Field name	Field length	Field type	Sample data
LEA Number	3	Alphanumeric	660
School Number	4	Alphanumeric	4099
School Name	100	Alphanumeric	Anglesey Comprehensive School
Phase	2	Alphanumeric	SS

**Survey details** 

Field name	Field length	Field type	Sample data
Survey/Data Extraction Type	5	Alphanumeric	P16
Survey Reference Date	10	Date	2024-07-31
Person Completing Survey	2	Alphanumeric	AT
Survey Completion Time	3	Alphanumeric	101

**Pupil identifiers** 

Field name	Field length	Field type	Sample data
UPN (Unique Pupil Number)	13	Alphanumeric	Z123456789012
ULN (Unique Learner Number)	10	Alphanumeric	4674810417
Former UPN	13	Alphanumeric	A123456789012
Surname	35	Alphanumeric	Jones
Forename	35	Alphanumeric	Marc
Middle Name(s)	35	Alphanumeric	Iwan Owen
Date of Birth	10	Date	2006-03-31
Gender	1	Alphanumeric	M

**Pupil status** 

Field name	Field length	Field type	Sample data
Enrolment Status	1	Alphanumeric	С
Part-time Indicator	1	True/False	False
Pupil NCY Group*	2	Alphanumeric	12
Pupil Postcode	8	Alphanumeric	CF14 5DZ

<sup>\*</sup>Pupil NCY Group as at **24 May 2024** (final school day before the last half term of the academic year), or the leaving date of the pupil if no longer on roll at that time.

**Programmes** 

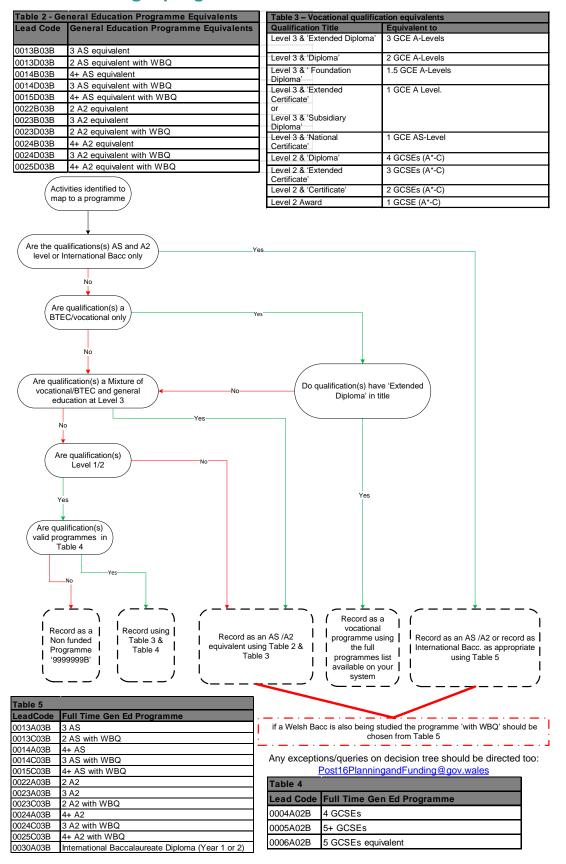
Field name	Field length	Field type	Sample data
Programme Reference	8	Alphanumeric	0001A02P
Programme Identifier	3	Alphanumeric	001-099
Programme Start Date	10	Date	2023-09-01
Programme Expected End Date	10	Date	2024-08-31
Programme Actual End Date	10	Date	2024-07-12
Programme Completion Status	1	Numeric	1
Guided Contact Hours	4	Numeric	400
Length Of Programme	1	Numeric	2
Year of Programme	1	Numeric	1

**Learning activities** 

Field name	Field length	Field type	Sample data
Learning Activity Identifier	3	Alphanumeric	101
QWAD	8	Alphanumeric	C0000030
Discount Code	9	Alphanumeric	WG1234567
Learning Activity Category	1	Alphanumeric	M
Date Commenced Learning Activity	10	Date	2023-09-01
Expected End Date of Learning Activity	10	Date	2024-08-31
Actual End Date of Learning Activity	10	Date	2024-07-12
LLDD Indicator	1	Alphanumeric	0
Learning Activity Delivered Through the Medium of Welsh	1	Alphanumeric	С
Provider Delivering Learning	8	Alphanumeric	S0000000
Completion Status	1	Alphanumeric	1

## 8. Individual learning activity and programme data

### 8.1 Choosing a programme decision tree



Each pupil entered on the post-16 collection will be engaged in one and only one programme at any time, with at least one learning activity. Each programme and learning activity on which a pupil was 'enrolled' during the academic year is required to be included.

If a pupil transfers programme during the academic year, any activities that were undertaken as part of the old programme but are also being undertaken as part of the new programme should be recorded as follows:

- learning activity start dates should be left unchanged;
- add the identifiers for all learning activities being undertaken as part of the new programme to the Programme Learning Activities field; and
- the completion status of the learning activities should reflect their status at the end of the academic year.

For performance measures purposes, the learning activity data should include all learning activities undertaken by the learner during the collection period. However, any learning activity dropped by a learner within the first 8 weeks will be excluded from the calculation of the performance measures but should still be included.

For funding purposes, the learning activity data should include all learning activities undertaken by the learner during the collection period; however, the programme code should reflect the programme that the learner is undertaking at the eighth week after the start of the academic year.

## 8.2 How is a learning activity defined?

A learning activity is defined as the course that a pupil engages in with the aim of achieving a particular qualification. For instance, if a pupil is enrolled in three classes, one designed to teach BTEC National Diploma Business, another to teach AS level Mathematics and the third to teach GCSE Geology, then that pupil will have three learning activities in BTEC National Diploma Business, AS Mathematics and GCSE Geology respectively.

Learning activities should only be returned for learning which is intended to lead to an externally validated qualification. Physical Exercise (P.E.) lessons and Personal & Social Education (P.S.E.) lessons, for instance, should not be returned as learning activities (unless the lessons are designed to lead to assessment which is externally validated by an awarding body). It is important that only valid learning activities are returned and so if there is any doubt about whether a particular learning activity should be returned then please contact your local authority or post16.plasc@gov.wales.

The previous 'Extract activity ref' lookup used within the Learning Activity Reference has been replaced by a Qualification Wales Approval/ Designation number (QWAD) to provide a single source for qualifications data in Wales that is accessible to all via the Qualifications in Wales (QiW) website.

The learning activity category is required for each learning activity that makes up a learning programme. An example of a 'Main' learning activity would be an AS-level, A-level, BTEC or Welsh Baccalaureate/Skills Challenge Certificate. 'Other' consists of any core and community learner industry focus (CLIF) components. This could include a GCSE resit or an industry specific requirement, e.g., Health and Safety Certificate.

For example, a learner undertaking Level 3 Engineering Extended Diploma and 1 AS qualification, whilst the predominant delivery is the vocational qualification, the additional AS qualification should also be recorded as 'main'.

Learning activity information will, where possible, be automatically extracted from your information management system. It is recognised that there will be some situations where class information has not been input for a pupil or where a pupil was attending a class but not aiming to achieve the qualification for which the majority of the class was studying towards, but aiming to achieve a different qualification, for example, a pupil studying for a GNVQ but attending a class where most pupils were studying towards an AS level. In these situations, the post-16 collection return must be manually amended or supplemented after your software has automatically generated the initial compilation of your return.

Certain learning activities cannot be completed in one year, for example the Advanced Skill Challenge Certificate, the Advanced Welsh Baccalaureate, AS level Further Maths and a vocational BTEC Extended Diploma. In these cases, the activities should be recorded as a two-year activity and remain as continuing at the end of year 1 (Year 12). The programme status for the first year's programme can still be marked as completed, even if there are activities within it that are still continuing, as long as they are two-year activities.

In the following year (Year 13), an A2 programme will be recorded, and will include any learning activities that are marked as continuing, that is the activities from the previously completed AS programme, along with any other activities the learner is following.

If a school is delivering a learning activity for which no appropriate QWAD is available, then the school must e-mail post16.plasc@gov.wales for guidance on how to code the learning activity.

## 8.3 How is a programme defined?

A programme is defined as a combination of learning activities that make up a programme with a defined purpose and outcome for progression to employment or further or higher education.

Pupils can only be enrolled on one programme at any time. A new programme can be recorded only when the previous programme has been completed (successfully or otherwise).

If a pupil's programme changes in year, any activities still relevant to the new programme should be recorded as continuing, i.e. completion status of 1 – continuing the activity. It is not necessary to end the activity and record again.

A typical sixth form learner will be undertaking a general education programme consisting of several AS or A2 qualifications. In these circumstances the programme will be easily identifiable as one of the following:

**Table 1: Combined AS and A2 programmes** 

Lead code	General education programme
0013A03B	3 AS
0013C03B	2 AS with WBQ
0014A03B	4+ AS
0014C03B	3 AS with WBQ
0015C03B	4+ AS with WBQ
0022A03B	2 A2
0023A03B	3 A2
0023C03B	2 A2 with WBQ
0024A03B	4+ A2
0024C03B	3 A2 with WBQ
0025C03B	4+ A2 with WBQ

### 8.4 Repeat/resitting/retaking

If a pupil undertakes any learning activity again, i.e. takes the same teaching and learning activity two years in a row, then this activity is recorded again in the second year. This can include one or more timetabled activities (which may include revision classes).

However, if the only thing that the pupil does is sit the same exam again (twice, or more) for any reason, that should not be recorded as a learning activity as part of a programme.

#### 8.5 New AS activities with an A2

If a learner is undertaking a mix of AS and A2 qualifications or a new AS qualification in a new subject area along with A2 qualifications, these learners should be recorded as undertaking an A2 equivalent programme. For example, a learner undertaking two A2 qualifications and an additional AS qualification should be recorded as a 3 A2 equivalent programme (0023B03B) from 'Table 2' below:

Table 2: General education programme equivalents

Lead code	General education programme equivalents
0013B03B	3 AS equivalent
0013D03B	2 AS equivalent with WBQ
0014B03B	4+ AS equivalent
0014D03B	3 AS equivalent with WBQ

Lead code	General education programme equivalents
0015D03B	4+ AS equivalent with WBQ
0022B03B	2 A2 equivalent
0023B03B	3 A2 equivalent
0023D03B	2 A2 equivalent with WBQ
0024B03B	4+ A2 equivalent
0024D03B	3 A2 equivalent with WBQ
0025D03B	4+ A2 equivalent with WBQ

Equivalent qualifications are regulated qualifications which are comparable on level, size and content of qualification to A-levels and GCSEs. Care should be taken to ensure such programmes are recorded accurately. Examples include:

**Table 3: Vocational qualification equivalents** 

Qualification	Equivalent to
Level 3 BTEC Extended Diploma	3 GCE A-Levels
Level 3 BTEC National Diploma	2 GCE A-Levels
Level 3 BTEC Diploma	2 GCE A-Levels
Level 3 BTEC National Foundation Diploma	1.5 GCE- A-Levels
Level 3 BTEC National Extended Certificate	1 GCE A Level
Level 3 BTEC Subsidiary Diploma	1 GCE A Level
Level 3 BTEC National Certificate	1 GCE AS-Level
Level 2 BTEC Diploma	4 GCSEs (A*-C)
Level 2 BTEC Extended Certificate	3 GCSEs (A*-C)
Level 2 BTEC Certificate	2 GCSEs (A*-C)
Level 2 BTEC Award	1 GCSE (A*-C)

## 8.6 AS/AS equivalence delivery

Where a learner is undertaking either a BTEC qualification or combining BTEC qualifications along with general AS qualifications they should be recorded as undertaking the appropriate AS equivalent programme (apart from when the learner is undertaking an Extended Diploma – see paragraph 8.7 below). For example, a learner undertaking 1 AS qualification and Level 3 BTEC National Diploma should be recorded as a 3 AS equivalent programme (0013B03B) from 'Table 2' above.

## 8.7 Mixing of vocational or general education qualifications

Where the learner is undertaking an extended diploma, the learning should be recorded against the most appropriate vocational programme. It must be ensured that all aspects of the vocational programmes are followed; any additional general education qualifications (AS or A2) should also be recorded as 'main' in the Learning Activity Category. For example, a learner undertaking 1 AS qualification and Level 3 Engineering Extended Diploma, the predominant delivery is that of the vocational qualification. Therefore, the programme should be recorded as the relevant vocational programme (found by clicking the link in Annex C), which in this example would be 0401A03B.

## 8.8 GCSE programmes

GCSE equivalent programmes are for learners who are not ready to progress onto a Level 3 programme or may also be vocationally unfocussed and have not achieved the Level 2 threshold. They may therefore require additional learning or to undertake taster courses in a number of vocational areas prior to choosing their programme of learning.

**Table 4: GCSE equivalent programmes** 

Lead code		Full time general education programme
0004A02B	4	GCSEs
0005A02B	5-	- GCSEs
0006A02B	5	GCSEs equivalent

### 8.9 Non-fundable programmes

If a learner is not undertaking a recognised programme of learning the nonfundable programme code should be used.

**Table 5: Non-fundable programmes** 

Lead code	Full time general education programme
999999B	Non-fundable Programme

Learners who are statemented who may only be taking one AS/A2 level activity as a full time pupil, should be recorded in the return using the non-fundable programme as this would be supported via Revenue Support Grant Funding which includes SEN in mainstream funding.

#### 9. Welsh Baccalaureate

The legacy Advanced Skills Challenge Certificate (C00/0721/2) and Advanced Welsh Baccalaureate (C00/0721/16) are no longer available to new learners and the last award for both is summer 2024.

The new Advanced Skills Baccalaureate Wales qualification (C00/4571/8) was rolled out from September 2023 with the first award in summer 2025.

For the 2024 collection (covering 2023/24 academic year), year 13 learners that started the Welsh Baccalaureate in 2022 will have completed their second year. Therefore, schools will need to use the existing QWADs listed below:

- WJEC Advanced Welsh Baccalaureate QWAD C00/0721/6
- WJEC Advanced Skills Challenge Certificate QWAD C00/0721/2

The final date a learner can be certified for the qualification, (including resits) is 31 August 2025.

The new Advanced Skills Baccalaureate Wales (level 3) qualification replaced the existing Advanced Welsh Baccalaureate qualification in September 2023 and will have been started by year 12 learners. For these learners, schools will need to use the new QWAD listed below:

Advanced Skills Baccalaureate Wales (level 3) – QWAD C00/4571/8

For all information relating to the specification for the Welsh Baccalaureate see the WJEC website.

Further detail on the recording of Welsh Baccalaureate activities can be found at https://gov.wales/post-16-welsh-baccalaureate-recording-and-measuring-outcomes.

# Annex A: Detailed completion notes by data field validation and error correction

The purpose of this Annex is to provide full information on each post–16 collection data field in an easily digestible format. This is not intended to replace the information in Sections 4, 5 and 6 but is to complement the important information provided in those Sections, and to assist users of these completion notes when looking quickly for information about a specific field.

In this Annex, each field specified in the post–16 collection is listed on a separate page with the details regarding that field provided in a standard format. An explanation of what is included in each part of the field template is given below.

#### Format for data fields in Annex

Data set	Name of dataset [School, Pupil or Learning Activity]	Field length	Length of field in terms of the number of characters
Field name	Name of field as used in XML file submitted to WG by your software	Field type	Type of field [Alphanumeric, Numeric or Date]
CBDS Number	Code of field as defined in the Common Basic Data Set (CBDS)	Mandatory for	Which learners is the field required to be completed for [in the October 2024 return all fields are required for all learners]
Description	Description of the dat	a required	
Reason required	Information on why thused	nis data is required a	and how it will be
Valid entries	List of values, and their descriptions, which may be returned within the data field.		
Notes	Note: these are the values required within the file submitted by your software system and they may differ to the way that the data is presented to you by your software.  Any miscellaneous notes, as well as an example of valid data which may be returned in the field.		

#### **LEA Number**

School 3

**LEA** Alphanumeric

S1 All learners

### Local authority number

To identify the local authority with which the returning school is associated.

Consisting of three digits in the range 660-681

660 Anglesey

**661** Gwynedd

**662** Conwy

663 Denbighshire

664 Flintshire

665 Wrexham

666 Powys

667 Ceredigion

668 Pembrokeshire

669 Carmarthenshire

670 Swansea

**671** Neath Port Talbot

672 Bridgend

673 Vale of Glamorgan

674 Rhondda Cynon Taff

675 Merthyr Tydfil

676 Caerphilly

677 Blaenau Gwent

678 Torfaen

679 Monmouthshire

680 Newport

**681** Cardiff

Sample data: 660

## **School Number**

Data set Field name	School Estab	Field length Field type	4 Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	S2	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	School num	ber	
Reason required	To identify the	ne returning school	
Valid entries	Consisting of	of four digits, in the ranges:	
	4000-4999 5400-5499 5500-5599 5900-5901	Secondary schools Secondary schools Middle schools Secondary/Middle schools	
Notes	Sample data	a: 4099	

## **School Name**

Data set	School	Field length	100
Field name	Name	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	<b>S</b> 5	Mandatory for	All learners
Description Reason required Valid entries	School name  To identify the correct school name for the returning school so as to maintain up-to-date records.  The full name of the school		
Notes	Sample data: Ang	glesey Comprehensive	School

#### **School Phase**

Data set School Field length 2

Field name School phase Field type Alphanumeric

CBDS Number **S7** Mandatory for **All learners** 

Description School phase

Reason To indicate the Phase of Education offered by Mainstream

required Schools

Valid entries **NS** Nursery

PS PrimarySS SecondarySP Special

**PR** Pupil Referral Unit (PRU)

MS Middle School

Notes Sample data: MS

## **Survey/Data Extraction Type**

Data set	School		Field length	5
Field name	Survey/data extraction t		Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	<b>S92</b>		Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Survey/data	extra	ction type	
Reason required	To indicate relates to.	which	data collection or surve	y the information
Valid entries	PLASC P16 NDC ATS ATP WNT EOTAS SWAC	Pupil level annual schools census Post–16 census National data collection Attendance collection for secondary schools Attendance collection for primary schools Welsh national tests Educated other than at school School workforce annual census school return School workforce annual census pay, human resource and absence return		ondary schools nary schools ol sus school sus pay, human
Notes	Sample data	a: <b>P16</b>		

## **Survey Reference Date**

Data set	School	Field length	10
Field name	Survey reference date	Field type	Date
CBDS Number	S94	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Survey reference	date	
Reason required	The final date of the reporting period for the collection period.		
Valid entries	Valid date in the fo	ormat ccyy-mm-dd.	
Notes	Date must be 2024	4-07-31	
	Sample data: 202	4-07-31	

## **Person Completing Survey**

Data set	School	Field length	2
Field name	Person completing survey	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	S101	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Person completing surv	/ey	
Reason required	To indicate the role completing the survey.	of the person	responsible for
Valid entries	HT Headteacher AC Acting headteac DH Deputy headteac AS Assistant headte QT Other teacher AO Other administra BM School business ON Other	cher eachers	alent
Notes	Sample data: HT		

## **Survey Completion Time**

Data set	School	Field length	3
Field name	Survey completion time	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	S102	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Survey completion tir	ne	
Reason required	The number of hours	taken to complete the	e survey.
Valid entries	001-999		
Notes	Sample data: 101		

### **Unique Pupil Number (UPN)**

Data set	Pupil	Field length	13
Field name	UPN	Field type	Alphanumeric

**P1** CBDS Number **All learners** Mandatory for

Description Unique pupil number

Reason required To uniquely identify each pupil

Valid entries In format ALLLnnnnnnnB

> Α are valid alphabetic characters

LLL valid LA code nnnnnnn numeric

numeric or A-Z omitting I, O and S

Must be a valid 13 character UPN. The software will check Notes

> that no two (or more) pupils have the same UPN. Such errors must be resolved before the return is submitted. If they are still present when the return is passed to the

Welsh Government then it will be rejected.

If you have any queries regarding UPNs please discuss these with the Welsh Government (see contact details on

page 3).

Sample data: C6801234567

### **Unique Learner Number (ULN)**

Data set	Pupil	Field length	10
Field name	ULN	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	100016	Mandatory for	All learners where an ULN has been issued

Description Unique learner number

Reason required

To uniquely identify each learner

Valid entries In format **nnnnnnnnn** - numeric

#### **Notes**

Must be a valid 10 character ULN. This data will be supplied by LRS. Further information and guidance on ULNs can be found at

http://gov.wales/topics/educationandskills/allsectorpolicies/learningrecordsservice/?lang=en

These are available via DEWi after your PLASC return for pupils aged 14+ via the 'Download' facility.



If you have any queries regarding ULNs please discuss these with the Welsh Government (see contact details on inside cover of this document).

Sample data: 4674810417

## Former UPN

Data set Field name CBDS Number	Pupil Former UPN P2	Field length Field type Mandatory for	13 Alphanumeric
Description Reason required	Former UPN To identify pupils whose UPN has changed		
Valid entries	Blank if no former UPN.  Former UPNs should be recorded in the format ALLLnnnnnnnB  A are valid alphabetic characters		
	nnnnnnn num	LA code eric eric or A-Z omitting I, O	and S
Notes	Where the pupil has held another UPN while at your school (for example where a temporary UPN was allocated when the pupil was first admitted but this was subsequently replaced by a permanent UPN retrieved from a previous school). If no such former UPN exists, this field should be left blank.  Sample data: C68012345678A		

## Surname

Data set Field name	Pupil Surname	Field length	35	
Fleid Hairie	Surname	Field type	Alphanumeric	
CBDS Number	P3	Mandatory for	All learners	
Description	Surname			
Reason required	To identify the pupil name			
Valid entries	Any surname			
Notes	Full surname, as the school believes it to be.  Sample data: Jones			

## Forename

Data set	Pupil	Field tength	35
Field name	Forename	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	P4	Mandatory for	All learners
Description Reason required Valid entries	Forename  To identify the pupil name  Any forename		
Notes	In full, not shorten	ed or familiar versions.	

# Middle Name(s)

Data set	Pupil	Field length	35
Field name	Middle names	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	P6	Mandatory for	
Description	Middle name(s)		
Reason required	To identify the pupil name		
Valid entries	Blank or any middle names		
Notes	In full, not shortened or familiar versions. If the pupil has no middle name(s) then this field should be left blank. If the pupil has more than one middle name they should be separated by a single space, no other punctuation is necessary.  Sample data: Iwan Owen		

## **Date of Birth**

Data set	Pupil	Field length	10	
Field name	DOB	Field type	Date	
CBDS Number	P7	Mandatory for	All learners	
Description	Date of birth			
Reason To identify the age of the pupil				
required	The age is used in a range of analysis			
Valid entries	Valid date in the format <b>ccyy-mm-dd</b>			
Notes	Sample data: 2006	6-03-31		

Sex				
Data set	Pupil	Field length	1	
Field name	Gender	Field type	Alphanumeric	
CBDS Number	P8	Mandatory for	All learners	
Description	Sex			
Reason required	To identify the pupil sex			
Valid entries	M (male) or F (female).			
Notes	Identifies the sex of a person as recognised in law, being that which is recorded on a Birth Certificate or a Gender Recognition Certificate (for individuals over 18 and have lived in their acquired gender for more than two years), using M or F as the available options.  Sample data: M			

## **Enrolment Status**

Data set Field name CBDS Number	Pupil Enrol status P34	Field length Field type Mandatory for	1 Alphanumeric All learners
Description	Enrolment status		
Reason required		etween pupils registered uest pupils will be	
		s funding calculations nt or Current main attra	
Valid entries	The valid entries a	ire:	
	M Current ma	ngle registration at this so in (dual registration – ma	•
		(pupil not registered at	
	•	ome lessons or sessions osidiary (dual registration ent)	,
Notes	Ideally guest pupils should be excluded from your post–16 collection return since their details will be returned by the school at which they are registered. However if you have entered them into your information management system, it may be impossible for the software to omit them when it compiles the return. If that is the case then these pupils need to be identified as guest pupils so they can be excluded when the data is analysed.		
	Guest should be used for pupils who visit a school perhal as an overseas student or on a one- or two-off basis. If a pupil is regularly attending more than one establishment say once a week, they should be properly registered at each, with one establishment being the 'home' or Main school, the others being Subsidiary. This is with agreement from the local authority so there should be no ambiguity.		o-off basis. If a establishment, registered at ome or Main swith agreement
	above) they will be 'home' school. Oth	upil is a true 'guest' at ar e singly registered Current nerwise they will be propert at one school and S at or e see Annex E.	nt-'M' at the erly dual
	Sample data: C		

## **Part-time Indicator**

Data set	Pupil	Field length	5
Field name	Part-time indicator	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	P42	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Pupil part-time ind	icator	
Reason required	Indicates whether a pupil is part-time.		
Valid entries	for true for false		
Notes	taken into conside	d pupils, time in other seration; e.g. 2 days in cathool should not be class.	one school and 3
	dual registered p school as part-tin	y be studying with more upils should not be clane. There can be no pution; therefore, this sh	assified by either art-time pupils in
	Sample data: 0		

# **Pupil National Curriculum Year Group**

Data set	Pupil	Field length	2
Field name	NC year actual	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	P45	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	National curriculur	n year group	
Reason required	To identify the ye complete cohorts of	ear group of the pupil softlearners.	so as to monitor
Valid entries	The year group in which the pupil is taught for the majority of their time, regardless of their chronological age.		
	The following values will apply:		
	<ul><li>year group</li><li>year group</li><li>beyond year</li></ul>	13;	
Notes	before the last ha	as at 24 May 2024 ( alf term of the academ pupil if no longer on roll	nic year), or the
	•	Group should not be end of an academic year	
	Sample data: 12		

# **Pupil Postcode**

Data set	Pupil	Field length	8	
Field name	Pupil postcode	Field type	Alphanumeric	
CBDS Number	P81	Mandatory for	All learners	
Description	Postcode of domic	ile		
Reason required	The learner postco	ode is used for a wide va	riety of analysis	
Valid entries	Valid postcode for	mats are:		
	An nAA AAn nAA AnA nAA Ann nAA AAnA nAA AAnn nAA where A denotes an upper case letter and n a number from 0 to 9			
Notes	confuse letters with with number zero), trailing full stop. Ar rejected as invalid		rs (e.g. letter 'O' ce, or include a e postcode to be	
	second postcode b	ould convert any 'O' at block to a 0 (zero), and t ostcode blocks to single	o convert double	
	Sample data: CF1	4 5DZ		

# **Programme Reference**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	8	
Field name	Programme reference	Field type	Alphanumeric	
CBDS Number	190033	Mandatory for	All learners	
Description	Programme referenc	e		
Reason required	To identify the progra	amme of study being u	undertaken.	
Valid entries	Valid values for programmes are available via DEWi.			
Notes	Further information on Programmes and guidance is available from the Welsh Government website pages on Post-16 Planning and Funding.			
	Each programme has a programme code which identifies the programme which the pupil is undertaking and the combination of learning activities that make up that programme.			
	Pupils can only be enrolled on one programme of study at any time. A new programme can be recorded only when the previous programme has been completed (successfully or otherwise).			
	A full list of valid programme codes is available by clicking the link in Annex C.			
	Sample data: 0001A02P			

# **Programme Identifier**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	3
Field name	Programme ID	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	190032	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Programme identifier		
Reason required	To identify uniquely undertaken by a pupi	/ each programme I.	of study being
Valid entries	Valid values for progr	rammes of learning ar	re:
	001 - 099		
Notes	Numeric code to easily identify each programme of study being undertaken by a pupil. Every programme taken by a pupil should have a different number starting with '100' then incrementing by 1 for each additional programme.		
	This numeric code should be automatically generated by your information management system software and you will not need to enter the information. Please check the software specific documentation provided by your supplier for further guidance.		
	Sample data: 001		

## **Programme Start Date**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	10
Field name	Programme start date	Field type	Date
CBDS Number	190034	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Programme start o	late	
Reason required	To identify the start date of the programme and to be used with the end date to derive the duration of learning.		
Valid entries	Valid date in the format ccyy-mm-dd		
Notes	Date entered should be that when the pupil first attended classes aimed at delivering the stated programme.		
	Where possible it is expected that schools will provide actual commencement dates and not default values.		
	Sample data: 2023	3-09-10	

# **Programme Expected End Date**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	10	
Field name	Programme expected end date	Field type	Date	
CBDS Number	190035	Mandatory for	All learners	
Description	Programme expec	Programme expected end date		
Reason required	To identify the expected end date of the programme.			
Valid entries	In the format ccyy-mm-dd			
Notes	In the format ccyy-mm-dd. Date entered should be that when the pupil is expected to complete the stated programme.			
	General education learning programmes are in one year blocks, i.e. there is an AS level programme for Year 12 and an A2 level programme code for Year 13.			
	It is expected that schools, where possible, will provide actual expected end dates.			
	Sample data: 2024	4-08-31		

# **Programme Actual End Date**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	10	
Field name	Programme actual end date	Field type	Date	
CBDS Number	190036	Mandatory for	All learners	
Description	Programme actual end date			
Reason required	To identify the end date of the programme and to be used with the start date to derive the duration of learning.			
Valid entries	Valid date in format <b>ccyy-mm-dd</b>			
	If Completion Status is 1 then actual end date should be set to 9999-12-31.			
	Where a pupil has left (i.e. <b>Completion Status</b> of 2, 3, 4) then actual leaving date should be entered.			
Notes	In the October Post–16 collection it is expected that all two year vocational programmes continuing into a second year will be submitted with the default of '9999-12-31: continuing the programme, but it would be expected that one year programmes will be completed with an actual end date.			
	Sample data: 2024-07-12			

## **Programme Completion Status**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	1
Field name	Programme completion status	Field type	Numeric
CBDS Number	190037	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Completion status of	the programme	
Reason required	To identify those programmes for which pupils have successfully completed the required learning and those programmes from which pupils have withdrawn or transferred or are continuing.		
Valid entries	Completion status at	end of programme:	
	<ul><li>completed the</li><li>withdrawn from</li><li>transferred to a</li></ul>	programme (the default programme n the programme a new programme same a programme with a diffe	provider

### Notes Definitions:

Programme	To be used where the programme is
continuing	continuing.
Programme	The learner has completed all activities
completed	associated with the programme.
Programme	Learner has left the programme without
withdrawn	completing it and it has not been replaced
	with another programme.
Programme	Learner is no longer following the
transferred	programme and it has been replaced with
same	another programme with the same provider.
provider	
Programme	Learner is no longer following the
transferred	programme and it has been replaced with
different	another programme with a different
provider	provider. Either new or same programme.

An AS programme is a one year programme, therefore, if the learner has completed the year we would expect the completion status to be **2** (completed) with an end date in the academic year that the AS programme took place. This is regardless of whether any of the two year learning activities within the programme, such as for the Welsh Baccalaureate, still have the completion status of **1** (continuing).

If a pupil withdraws from a programme, then all activities will also need to be withdrawn.

Queries relating to programmes and linking activities to programmes should be sent to Post16PlanningandFunding@gov.wales

Sample data: 1

## **Guided Contact Hours**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	4
Field name	Guided contact hours	Field type	Numeric
CBDS Number	P209	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Guided contact ho	urs	
Reason required	•	ber of guided contact I of programme specificat gramme values.	
	has a programme of GCH. Monito number of GCH of	s programme values. E e value based on the ex ring will identify when consistently falls above sult in amended progra	re the recorded re or below that
Valid entries	instructional or programme (round	the planned number assessment contact ded to a whole number) current academic year.	hours for the
	Valid entries are:		
	<b>0000</b> – <b>3000</b> hours	3	
Notes	instructional and programme (round year <b>2023/2024</b> . If	the planned number assessment contact led to a whole number) a programme spans two contact hours for the ed.	hours for the for the academic o years, only the

# **Length of Programme**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	1
Field name	Length of programme	Field type	Numeric
CBDS Number	190038	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Length of Program	nme	
Reason required	Required for vocational programmes to identify the length of the programme. Note that the same programme reference can have more than one duration.		
Valid entries	•	e length is 1 year e length is 2 years	
Notes	Default value shou	ıld be <b>1</b> .	
	Example:		
	Engineering Level	ence 0401A03B 'Manu 3, could be a L3 'Diplo tended Diploma' two yea	ma' one year
	Sample data: 2		

# **Year of Programme**

Data set	Programmes	Field length	1
Field name	Year of programme	Field type	Numeric
CBDS Number	190039	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Year of programme learner	currently being un	dertaken by the
Reason required	Required for all programme.	ammes to identify th	ne year of the
Valid entries	1 Year 1 2 Year 2 3 Year 3+		
Notes	Default value should b	e <b>1</b> .	
	Example:		
	Programme reference Engineering Level 3, length. Pupil is in second of <b>2 - Year 2</b> would be	'Extended Diploma and year of the progr	' is two years in
	Non-vocational programmes.	rammes are 'Ger	neral Education'
	Sample data: 1		

# **Learning Activity Identifier**

Data set	Learning activity	Field length	3
Field name	Learning activity	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	P200	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Learning activity ider	tifier	
Reason required	To identify uniquely each learning activity being undertaken by a pupil.		
Valid entries	Valid values for learning activities are:		
	<b>001</b> , <b>002</b> , <b>003</b> Up	to <b>099</b>	
Notes	undertaken by a puppil should have a	ily identify each learn oil. Every learning ac different number starti each additional learn	tivity taken by a ing with <b>001</b> then
	by your information you will not need to	should be automation management system enter the information of the content of th	m software and on. Please check
	Sample data: 001		

# QWAD (Qualification Wales Approval Designation No.)

Data set	Learning activity	Field length	8
Field name	QWAD	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	190045	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	QWAD		
Reason required		ubject, qualification ty er relevant information	
Valid entries	As available on Qu	ualification Wales' websi	te.
Notes	identifies the subj	,	and qualification
	engages in with qualification, or un pupil is enrolled in level French, anot the third to teach (	is defined as the course the aim of achievinit of a qualification. Further classes, one designer to teach AS level ISCSE Geology; then the vities in AS French, AS spectively.	ing a particular for instance, if a gned to teach AS Mathematics and lat pupil will have
	_	es should only be s intended to lead t ation.	
		lid codes and the lear can be found on Qua	•
	Sample data: C000	00030	

## **Discount Code**

Data set Field name CBDS Number	Learning activity Discount Code 190042	Field length Field type Mandatory for	9 Alphanumeric All learners
Description Reason required Valid entries	activities'.	nt codes associated with	
Notes	the subject area it is to gather qualific	ssigned a discount code covers. The purpose of cations with similar content of the other qualifications was a second content of the content o	a discount code ent together and

# **Learning Activity Category**

Data set	Learning activity	Field length	1
Field name	Learning activity category	Field type	Alphanumeric
CBDS Number	190042	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Learning Activity C	ategory	
Reason required	To monitor deliver	ry of learning activities	delivered within
Valid entries	M Main O Other		
Notes		ty category is required up a learning programn	•
	•	Main' learning activity v BTEC or Welsh Bad ate.	
	industry focus (CI	of any core and con LIF) components. This ndustry specific requiren ate.	could include a
	the learning should appropriate vocationall aspects of the vexample a learner 3 Engineering Extended	is undertaking an Exten be recorded against the onal programme. It must ocational programmes a undertaking 1 AS qualification to cational qualification qualifications should als	e most be ensured that are recorded. For ication and Level e predominant on, the additional
	16 Funding and Guhttp://wales.gov.uk	f each element can be fouldance Document at //topics/educationandsking-and-funding/guide-toen.	lls/learningprovid
	Sample data: M		

# **Date Commenced Learning Activity**

Data set	Learning activity	Field length	10
Field name	Learning activity start date	Field type	Date
CBDS Number	P202	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Date Commenced	Learning Activity	_
Reason required		rt date of the learning a date to derive the durati	
	learning activity standate of the learning 2022-09-01 is a	ities spanning more that date should always by activity. For example, valid start date for a learning activity coreyear.	the actual start the start date of two-year BTEC
	would need to be	vity spans two acader a record in the followin he remainder of the infor	g year's post–16
Valid entries	Valid date in the fo	rmat <b>ccyy-mm-dd</b>	
Notes		uld be that when the pu elivering the stated lear	•
	•	is expected that schonent dates and not defa	•
	Sample data: 2023	3-09-10	

	Expected End Dat	e of Learning Activity	
Data set	Learning activity	Field length	10
Field name	Learning activity expected end date	Field type	Date
CBDS Number	P203	Mandatory for	All learners
Description	Expected end date	of learning activity	
Reason required		pected end date of the ly withdrawals or transfe	
	The start date, coupled with the expected end date, is used to inform the duration of learning. The end of a two-year course would need to be recorded in the following year's post–16 collection return to allow accurate calculation of performance.		
Valid entries	In the format <b>ccyy</b> -	-mm-dd	
Notes	complete the cla learning activity. T	ald be that when the pupses aimed at deliventhe he date should be that making the date and <b>not</b> the date sit the exam.	ering the stated when teaching is
	in one year or two- a precise expected XXXX-07-18 (when may be input for of in the collection commencing in the XXXX+1-07-31 (w period) should be commencing in the	·	In these cases, if then a default of collection period) ties commencing earning activities ear. A default of of the collection earning activities
		rity (qualification) that sold as 'continuing' at the	

Sample data: 2024-08-31

# **Actual End Date of Learning Activity**

Data set Field name CBDS Number	Learning activity Learning activity end date P210	· ·	10 Date All learners
Description	Actual end date of	learning activity	
Reason required	-	d date of the learning a date to derive the durat	_
Valid entries	Valid date in forma	t ccyy-mm-dd	
	If Completion Stat set to 9999-12-31.	us is 1 then actual end	d date should be
	This is expected when the pupil completes the first year of a two year course in the academic year, i.e. the Advanced Skills Challenge Certificate or Welsh Baccalaureate, an Extended BTEC Diploma or an AS in Further Maths.		
	(completed the le learning activity) 4	nas left (i.e. Completi earning activity) 3 (with (transferred to a new l and date for the programentered.	ndrawn from the learning activity))
Notes	year learning activity submitted with the learning activity, I	t–16 collection it is experities continuing into a selected default of '9999-12-3' out it would be expected will be completed with	cond year will be 1: continuing the ed that one year

## **LLDD Indicator**

Learning activity	Field length	1
LLDD learner	Field type	Alphanumeric
P204	Mandatory for	All learners – for learning activities only
LLDD Indicator		
To monitor learners with learning difficulties and/or disabilities and whether they are learning in a discrete or mainstream environment.		
This field <u>may</u> be used when calculating funding allocations.		
<ul><li>(LLDD) who are mainstream learning</li><li>0 not LLDD</li><li>1 LLDD enrolled</li></ul>	e on discrete learning activities. Valid values on discrete learning ac	ng activities or s are:
Code 1 should only be used where the learning activity relates to a pupil with a learning difficulty and/or disability who is accessing a learning environment where the pupils on the same learning activity also have learning difficulties and/or disabilities.		
to a pupil with a learn pupils on the sam	earning difficulty and/or ing environment where e learning activity do n	disability who is the majority of
	LLDD learner  P204  LLDD Indicator  To monitor learn disabilities and who mainstream environ  This field may allocations.  Learners with Learners with Learners with Learners with Learners mainstream learning  O not LLDD  1 LLDD enrolled  2 LLDD enrolled  2 LLDD enrolled  Code 1 should or relates to a pupil of who is accessing a learner and/or disabilities.  Code 2 should be to a pupil with a learner and pupils on the same difficulties and/or disabilities and/or disabilities.	LLDD Indicator  To monitor learners with learning didisabilities and whether they are learning mainstream environment.  This field may be used when calculations.  Learners with Learning Difficulties and (LLDD) who are on discrete learning mainstream learning activities. Valid values on the same learning activities. Valid values to a pupil with a learning difficulty who is accessing a learning activity also have learned on the same learning activity also have learned on the same learning difficulty and/or accessing a learning environment where pupils on the same learning activity do not difficulties and/or disabilities.

# **Learning Activity Delivered Through the Medium of Welsh**

Data set	Learning activity	Field length	1	
Field name	Welsh medium learning activity	Field type	Alphanumeric	
CBDS Number	P205	Mandatory for	All learners – for learning activities only	
Description	Learning activity delivered through the medium of Welsh			
Reason required	To monitor the medium of delivery of learning activities and if bilingually delivered in the teaching model adopted.			
	This field informs funding calculations. Learning activities delivered through the medium of Welsh or Bilingually (Welsh Bilingual) may qualify for the Welsh Medium/Bilingual uplift (dependant on activity undertaken).			
Valid entries	Whether a learning activity is delivered through the medium of Welsh, English or Bilingually. Valid values are:			
	<ul> <li>learning activity only delivered through English</li> <li>learning activity only delivered through Welsh</li> <li>learning activity delivered bilingually – formal bilingual model</li> <li>learning activity delivered through separate language groups in the same class</li> </ul>			
Notes		uired for learning a	the Medium of Welsh activities only; it is not	
	<b>E</b> should only be used if all aspects of learning are through the medium of English.			
	of Welsh includir assessment/exami	ng written, oral a ination. There ma use of English	y through the medium and group work, and by be occasional and terminology and key	
	used alternately in or component par	a planned manne ts of a module wit	d Welsh in a class are or for different modules the language being respective of whether	

the work is written, oral, group work or assessment. Students are taught as a class with no separate language groups.

**R** should be used if separate English and Welsh language groups are taught in the same class simultaneously. The Welsh language group may use Welsh amongst its members and the teacher/tutor (if that person is bilingual) for the whole class discussion.

Assessment is in either language.

Sample data: P

# **Provider Delivering Learning**

Data set	Learning activity	Field length	8	
Field name	Learning activity provider	Field type	Alphanumeric	
CBDS Number	P206	Mandatory for	All learners – for learning activities only	
Description	Provider delivering	Provider delivering learning		
Reason required	To identify where learning is being delivered and so the extent of franchising/sub-contracting/partnership arrangements between schools and other learning providers.			
Valid entries	Please refer to Annex C for full list of valid codes			
Notes	In most cases it is anticipated that the learning activity will be taught by the school at which the pupil is registered (and therefore the school which is making the post–16 collection return). If this is the case then your software should complete the field with the default value of <b>S0000000</b> . This code identifies the home school as the one providing the tuition. It is not necessary or helpful to enter the school's own code in this field.			
		ol should also supply d by the other scho		
	/ franchise or su school or college	activity is delivered throub-contracted arrangement then a code relating to completed in this field.	ent with another	
	school registerii Enrolment Status	s taught by another ong the pupil will she as 'Main' and will su vities which they deliv	ow the pupil's pply data about	
	A full list of valid of they refer can be f	odes and the schools/pound in Annex C.	roviders to which	
		aking a learning activity code given, then the sch wales with details	•	

provider delivering the learning and will be advised on how to code the provider appropriately.

Sample data: \$0000000

# **Completion Status**

Data set Field name	Learning activity  Completion	Field length Field type	1 Alphanumeric	
i leiù fiairie	status	i leid type	Aiphanumenc	
CBDS Number	P211	Mandatory for	All learners	
Description	Completion status			
Reason required	To identify those learning activities for which pupils have successfully completed the required learning and those learning activities from which pupils have withdrawn or transferred.			
Valid entries	Completion status at end of learning activity:			
	<ul><li>completed the completed the completed the completed the complete the comple</li></ul>	he learning activity (the only he learning activity from the learning activity to a new learning activity	,	
Notes	Definitions:	Definitions:		
	1 Continuing the learning activity. This means that the activity is continuing into the next collection period.			
	This code is no longer to be used for 'Cashing in'.			
	Any learning activity that spans two years (e.g. Advanced Skills Challenge Certificate or Welsh Baccalaureate, BTEC Extended Diploma or AS Further Maths) should be recorded as 'continuing' at the end of the first year.			
	Not to be used for re-entry into an exam.			
	2 Completed the learning activity. All elements of the activity have been completed.			
	been dropped an	n the learning activity. d has not been repla d to a change of progra ee below.	ced by another	
	been dropped an	a new learning activity.  nd has been replaced  a similar or different a	by a different	

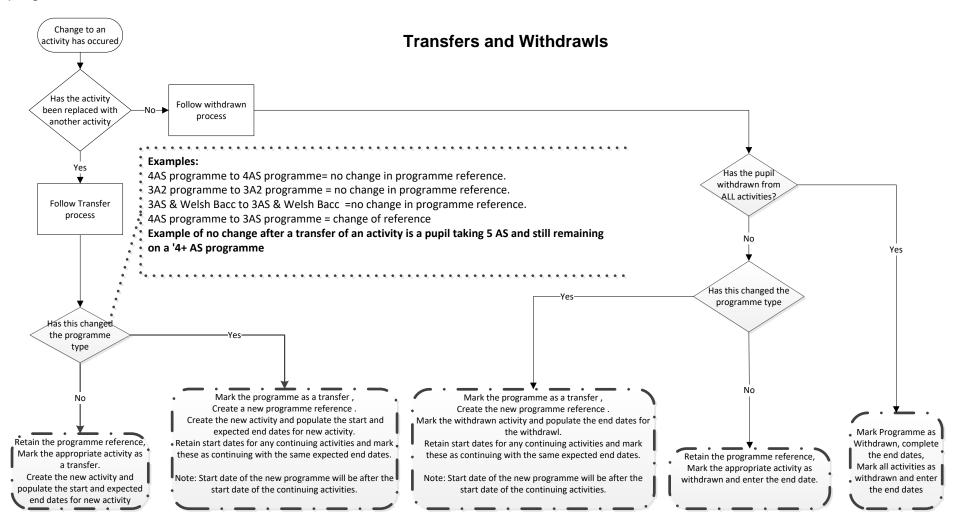
lead to a change of programme reference. See the decision tree below.

In the post-16 collection, it is expected that two-year learning activities such as the Advanced level Skills Challenge Certificate and Welsh Baccalaureate will be continuing and so in these cases this field will be filled with the default of '1: continuing the learning activity'.

Sample data: 1

## Annex B: Completion status transfer/withdrawal decision tree

This decision tree has been compiled to assist in identifying the Completion Status 'transfers' and 'withdrawals' at activity and programme level.

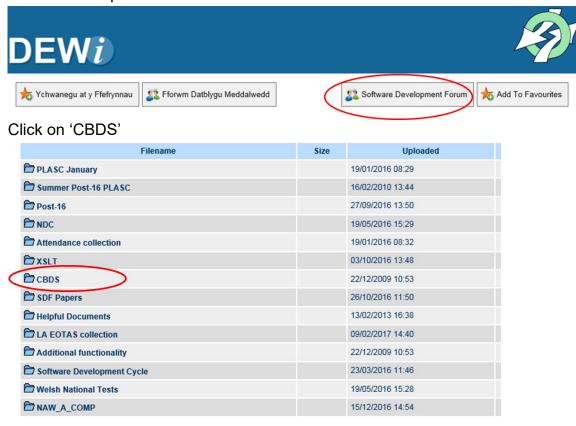


## **Annex C: Programmes, Providers and QWAD list**

The programmes, providers and QWAD lists should be available from your system. Software suppliers receive this via DEWi.

Visit the DEWi and click on 'Software Development Forum'. Once there, navigate to Software Development Forum > CBDS > Modular CBDS > CBDS 2324 Look-up.

The latest version of the files will be here, and the latest version is the file name with the highest sequential number. This number is represented by an 'x' in the example below:



#### Click on 'Modular CBDS'



Select the relevant file to download.

# Annex D: Pupils who are registered at more than one educational establishment

## **Dual-registered pupils**

### **Background**

The issue of dual registration has caused a number of queries to be raised in relation to:

- the recording of pupil data and registration status within school information management systems;
- the reporting of pupil data in PLASC;
- provision of end of key stage teacher assessment outcomes within the National Data Collection (NDC) process;
- inclusion of pupil data and external examination achievements in end of Key Stage 4 school statistics - the Summary of Secondary School Performance (SSSP);
- the provision of pupil attendance data; and
- funding.

This note explains the basis on which schools maintained by local authorities should record registration status in their information management system and how the recording of this data will impact on the provision of assessment and other data and the calculation of statistics as outlined above.

### **Statutory requirements**

Section 434 of the Education Act 1996 ('the Act') covers the registration of pupils. This section sets down the requirement for a register to be kept of specified information about all persons who are pupils at the school. It further provides for the National Assembly for Wales to make regulations specifying the basis on which registers can be inspected, the information to be recorded in the registers and the contents of the registers provided as part of periodic returns to the National Assembly, funding authorities or local authorities. To decide who would need to be registered as a pupil at a school, we need to look at the following definitions in the Act:

- 'Pupil' means a person for whom education is being provided at a school, unless that person is aged 19 or over and is being provided with further education or they are receiving part time education, suitable for any person over compulsory school age;
- 'registered pupil', in relation to a school, means a person registered as a pupil at the school in the register kept under section 434 of the Act;
- 'registered', in relation to the parents of pupils at a school or in relation to the names or addresses of such parents or pupils, means shown in that register; and

 'school' is defined by the Act to mean an institution for providing primary and/or secondary education whether or not it also provides further education.

Regulation 9 of the Education (Pupil Registration) (Wales) Regulations 2010 sets out that a pupil can be dually registered at a school (not being a pupil referral unit) and a pupil referral unit; or at a mainstream school and a special school.

### **School information management systems**

School information management systems offer four categories for the recording of a pupil's registration status:

### C Current (single registration)

- Most pupils in most schools will be recorded as 'Current' for registration status;
- Details for these pupils will be included in PLASC returns;
- Pupils on roll with Current registration status in NCY 11 will be included in the denominator for calculation of statistics on the SSSP;
- Pupils on roll as at the second Tuesday of May with Current registration status and NCY of 2, 6 or 9 will be included in the National Data Collection.

### M Current Main (dual registration – main establishment)

### S Current Subsidiary (dual registration – secondary establishment)

Where pupils are dually registered between a mainstream school and pupil referral unit or special school, both establishments should maintain a pupil record for the pupil. One establishment should record the pupil's registration status as Main and the other as Subsidiary.

In deciding which establishment is 'Main' or 'Subsidiary' a school should consider at which location the pupil is likely to spend the majority of their time during the academic year. For example:

- if a pupil spends a day a week at a special school or PRU then this should be their Subsidiary establishment;
- if a pupil is to attend a PRU full time for a limited period of perhaps a few weeks then return to the mainstream school the PRU would be the Subsidiary establishment;
- if a pupil is intended to spend over half of the academic year at the special school or PRU then records should show the special school or PRU as the Main establishment.

Where a dually registered pupil has a registration status of Main at the maintained school then:

- details for these pupils will be included in PLASC returns from both Main and Subsidiary establishments;
- PLASC data from both establishments will be linked on receipt by the Welsh Government;
- data will feed into the RSG or the planning and funding system dependent on pupil age against the Main establishment;
- pupils on roll with Main registration status and in NCY 11 will be included in the denominator and their results included in calculation of statistics on the SSSP:
- pupils on roll as at the second Tuesday of May with Main registration status and NCY of 2, 6 or 9 will be included in the NDC.

### G Guest pupil

There is no formal definition for a guest pupil and this code should not generally be used.

Data for individuals with a registration status of Guest will not be included in the PLASC return, thus the information will not be included in formula calculations for RSG or the planning and funding system and no results information for such an individual would be included in the calculation of performance statistics.

In exceptional circumstances the code may be used where a school wishes to maintain a record for an individual over the age of 19 who is undertaking some activity on the school premises.

## Recording and reporting data on dual-registered pupils

#### **Overview**

Where pupils are registered in more than one educational establishment e.g. dual registration in a mainstream school and a special school or a Pupil Referral Unit (PRU), both institutions should share responsibility for the pupil and should maintain a pupil record for that pupil. One establishment should record the pupil's registration status as 'Main' (M) and the other as 'Subsidiary' (S).

It is the responsibility of the 'Main' school to submit a complete attendance return for such pupils. This should include attendance data for the pupil for the times when they received their education at the Subsidiary establishment. It should not automatically be assumed that the pupil is in attendance at the Subsidiary establishment until this has been confirmed to be the case. Schools may wish to put systems in place where attendance information from the Subsidiary establishment is fed back to them on a daily or weekly basis for input into their information management system.

In cases where the pupil's registration status is 'Main' at a special school or PRU and 'Subsidiary' at a mainstream school, it is still the responsibility of the mainstream school to submit a completed attendance return for that pupil

for the whole academic year irrespective of whether their Main school was a special school or PRU.

## Scenarios for dual-registered pupils

## A 'typical' dual-registered pupil

For pupils who receive some of their educational provision at a PRU or special school either on a regular basis i.e. one or two days a week throughout the academic year or all their provision for a fixed period i.e. a school term before they are reintegrated back into the mainstream school, the mainstream school should be treated as the 'Main' (M) establishment and the PRU or special school as the 'Subsidiary' (S) establishment for enrolment status purposes. The mainstream school is responsible for submitting the appropriate statutory returns. This school should also take responsibility for setting up the appropriate communication systems with the PRU or special school to ensure the pupil is in attendance when they are supposed to be. For safeguarding and educational reasons, the mainstream school should follow up all unexplained and unexpected absences in a timely manner such as through 'First Day Calling' procedures.

If a pupil is excluded from the Main establishment but still attending the PRU, the Main establishment should record an authorised absence using code E. Even if the pupil attended a PRU or some other provision during the exclusion period, we would not want them recorded as 'present - attending other education provision'.

# A dual-registered pupil on roll at a mainstream school but who attends a PRU or special school most, if not all, of the time

When a pupil receives more than 50% of their education provision at a PRU or special school, for enrolment status purposes the PRU should be treated as the 'Main' (M) establishment and the mainstream school as the 'Subsidiary' (S) establishment. The mainstream school still has responsibility for submitting the pupil's statutory returns including the pupil's attendance information. The mainstream school should also take responsibility for setting up the appropriate communication systems with the PRU or special school to ensure the pupil is in attendance when they are supposed to be. For safeguarding and educational reasons the PRU or special school should follow up all unexplained and unexpected absences in a timely manner such as through 'First Day Calling' procedures. The PRU or special school should provide the mainstream school with regular updates on the pupil's educational progress and attendance.

### A dual-registered pupil on roll at two mainstream schools

There are times when a pupil may be on roll at more than one mainstream school. For enrolment status purposes, the school where the pupil receives the majority of their provision should be treated as the 'Main' (M) establishment and the other school as the 'Subsidiary' (S) establishment. The

'Main' School should take responsibility for setting up the appropriate communication systems with the other school to ensure the pupil is in attendance when they are supposed to be. For safeguarding and educational reasons the 'Main' school should follow up all unexplained and unexpected absences in a timely manner such as through 'First Day Calling' procedures. Each school should share the pupil's attendance information with each other to provide each school with a complete attendance record for the pupil.

In cases where a pupil is dually registered at two mainstream schools, their attendance data will be reported by both schools regardless of their enrolment status.

# A pupil not on roll at any school who receives all their provision at a PRU

In certain circumstances, a child or young person is no longer on a school roll – because of permanent exclusion, for example. In this instance, the local authority is directly responsible for the child's educational provision. For enrolment status purposes the PRU should be treated as the 'Current' establishment. For safeguarding and education reasons the PRU should follow up all unexplained and unexpected absences and liaise with the local authority as appropriate.

Attendance data will not be collected from pupil referral units.

#### Off-site activities

Educational activities that take place outside the normal school day are not recorded in the statutory attendance register. Off-site activities which take place during the school day can be recorded as approved educational activity but only if the activities meet the legislative requirements and the school has received confirmation that the activity took place during the session in question.

### **Gypsy/traveller children**

Special circumstances apply where a pupil 'has no fixed abode for the reason that his/her parent is engaged in a trade or business of such a nature as to require him/her to travel from place to place.' In such cases, the pupil can be dual registered. The school where the pupil has attended when the parent is not travelling during the preceding 18 months is their 'school of ordinary attendance' - in practical terms this means the 'school of ordinary attendance' would record registration status as 'Main' (M) and the receiving school would record the pupil's record with an enrolment status of 'Subsidiary' (S). Note that these pupils must also be recorded on the attendance register if they remain on the school admission register.

The school of Main attendance should take responsibility for setting up the appropriate communication systems with the other educational provider to ensure the pupil is in attendance when they are supposed to be. For

safeguarding and educational reasons the responsibility for following up on unexplained and unexpected absences in a timely manner falls to each school during the time in which the pupil is in situ. Each school should then share the pupil's attendance information with each other to provide each school with a complete attendance record for the pupil. Both schools will be responsible for submitting statutory returns for the pupil as required.

Where the school is aware that the pupil's family is known to be travelling but does not know if the pupil is attending educational provision, the school should mark the absence of the pupil as an authorised absence. If the pupil is known to be absent for reasons other than travelling (e.g. illness, unexplained absence) the appropriate absence code should be used.

### 14–19 Learning Pathways

As part of a pupil's Learning Pathway, schools may provide courses of study in collaboration with other schools (or other educational establishments). These may be formal or informal arrangements. A pupil registered in one school may have part, or even all, of their academic tuition in the premises of another school.

In such circumstances it is important that the pupil is assigned correctly to the pupil's home school. It is recommended that the school co-ordinating the pupil's Learning Pathway records the pupil with an enrolment status of 'Main' (M) and the receiving school records the pupil's enrolment status as 'Subsidiary' (S).

Attendance data will not be collected for post-16 secondary school pupils.

## Post-16 pupils educated at more than one site

Post-16 pupils may receive part of their tuition at alternative locations through arrangement with their 'home' school. In such circumstances the 'home' school is that which has responsibility for arranging a pupil's courses of study at any alternative location(s).

The 'home' school should, for administrative purposes, record a post-16 pupil's registration status as 'Main' (M). This school should record **all** learning activity being undertaken by each pupil, recording the **appropriate provider code** for courses delivered by an alternative provider.

The alternative provider(s) should also maintain a pupil record for pupils on their premises to meet health and safety obligations and local management requirements. The subsidiary school should, for administrative purposes, record the post-16 pupil's registration status as 'Subsidiary' (S). This school should record the learning activities that they deliver to these pupils only.

Attendance data will not be collected for post-16 secondary school pupils.

# Alternative provision (work placement, FE college, individual tuition, etc.)

Local authorities will sometimes have a small number of pupils who are on roll at mainstream schools but receive most, if not all, of their education in 'alternative provision' through work placement, FE college or individual tuition. As this provision is not technically a PRU or a special school the pupil should not be dual registered. In such cases pupils should be given a registration status of 'Current' (C) within the mainstream school's information management system. It remains the responsibility of the mainstream school to submit where applicable any statutory returns.

### Managed moves/negotiated transfers

A pupil may be transferred to another school on a trial basis. In such a case, the original school will maintain the pupil's registration. If the receiving school decides to accept the pupil on a permanent basis then the registration will transfer at that time. However for the duration of the trial period it is recommended that the original school maintains the pupil's record with an enrolment status of 'Main' (M) and the receiving school maintains the pupil's record with an enrolment status of 'Subsidiary' (S).

### **Specialised units**

In some local authority areas units may have been established to deliver specialised education services for pupils from schools in an extended area, not just in the school in which the unit is located. These units often provide special educational need support. In these circumstances it is recommended that the main registration school records the pupil with an enrolment status of 'Main' (M) and the school providing the specialist support records the pupil with an enrolment status of 'Subsidiary' (S).

### Special school satellite classes

On certain occasions pupils who are registered at a special school are taught in classes located in a mainstream school's premises. Tuition is provided either wholly or partly by teachers from the special school. These classes are, effectively, satellite classes of the special school and should not be treated as classes of the mainstream school. It is recommended that the special school records the pupil's enrolment status as 'Current' (C). For health and safety purposes the maintained school may wish to record such pupils as a 'Guest' (G) within their information management system.

## **Purchased tuition**

In some schools externally provided tuition may be purchased at another establishment for a registered pupil. In such circumstances it is important that the pupil is assigned correctly to the pupil's home school. It is recommended that the school co-ordinating the pupil's education records the pupil with an

enrolment status of 'Main' (M) and the receiving school records the pupil's enrolment status as 'Subsidiary' (S).

If the provider is a commercial organisation, or an organisation outside the maintained school sector, then the pupil should be recorded with an enrolment status of 'Current.