

Declaration of a Surveillance zone and ending the Protection Zone centred on grid reference SJ2770139104.

The Chief Veterinary Officer for Wales confirmed the presence of highly pathogenic avian influenza on a premises in Wales pursuant to article 28(1) of the [Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals \(Wales\) \(No 2\) Order 2006](#)¹ (“the Order”).

In accordance with powers in articles 28(1), 29(1) and (2), 30(1) and 31(1), the Welsh Ministers declared a Protection Zone and a Surveillance Zone centred on grid reference SJ2770139104 at 19:00 on 2 November 2021.

Pursuant to article 36(1) of the Order, the Welsh Ministers hereby declare the end of that Protection Zone. At least 21 days have elapsed since the completion at all infected premises in that zone of the preliminary cleansing and disinfection measures referred to in Part 2 of Schedule 3 to the Order, and a veterinary inquiry has been completed on all premises within the zone identified as containing poultry or other captive birds.

Pursuant to articles 28(1), 29(2) and 31(1) of the Order, and having taken account of the criteria set out in article 29(5) and (6), the Welsh Ministers declare the area described in Annex 1 to this Declaration is the Surveillance Zone in which all measures set out in [Schedule 5](#) to the Order apply². The measures in Schedule 5 to the Order are reproduced in Annex 2 to this Declaration for ease of reference.

The Surveillance Zone is marked on the map provided in Annex 3.

All terms in this Declaration are as defined in the Order.

This Declaration is made under articles 4, 28(1), 29(2), 31(1) and 36(1) of the Order. It revokes and replaces the Declaration made on 2 November 2021 from 11:00 on 26 November 2021 and restates the declaration of the surveillance zone.

Signed:

Christianne Glossop, CVO Wales

Dated: 26th November 2021

¹ SI 2006 / 2927 (W.262)

² This declaration restates the declaration of the surveillance zone declared on 2 November 2021. Article 36(2) of the Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals (Wales)(No.2) Order 2006 applies and provides on the ending of any protection zone, the area which formed that protection zone will become part of the surveillance zone centred on the same outbreak point as the protection zone.

Under authority of the Minister for Rural Affairs and North Wales, and Trefnydd, one of the Welsh Ministers.

Failure to comply with this Declaration may be an offence under section 72 or 73 of the Animal Health Act 1981.

Copies of this Declaration and of the Order are available at the Welsh Government [webpages](#) and from the Welsh Government, Cathays Park, Cardiff CF10 3NQ.

Annex 1 - Surveillance Zone

The Surveillance Zone comprises the area on the map, included at Annex 3, within the black circle of radius 10 kilometres, centred on grid reference SJ2770139104. The grid reference is to the Ordnance Survey [Landranger 1:110,000 series].

Annex 2 - Measures in a Surveillance Zone**Record of visitors**

1. Subject to paragraph 5, the occupier of any premises where poultry or other captive birds are kept must make records of—
 - (a) the name and address of any person visiting the premises (unless the visit is only to a part of the premises where people live and where no poultry or other captive birds are kept);
 - (b) the date of the visit;
 - (c) whether the person had any contact with poultry or other captive birds on the premises.

Record of poultry

2. The occupier of any premises in the zone must make a record of all poultry entering or leaving those premises as soon as reasonably practicable after the movement.

Record of poultry movements

3. Subject to paragraph 5, any person who is engaged in the transport or marketing of poultry or poultry eggs in the zone must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, make a record of all poultry and poultry eggs transported or marketed by him.

Poultry movements to be recorded

4. The records referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 above must include—
 - (a) the quantity and description (including species of poultry and type of egg) transported or marketed;
 - (b) in the case of a movement from premises in the zone—
 - (i) the date of the movement off the premises;
 - (ii) the premises of destination (if known);
 - (iii) the name and address of the person to whom ownership or possession is being or has been transferred;
 - (c) in the case of a movement onto premises in the zone—
 - (i) the date of the movement;
 - (ii) the premises from which the movement originated (if known);
 - (iii) the name and address of the person from whom ownership or possession is being or has been transferred;
 - (d) in the case of marketing without an associated movement, the identity and address of the person to whom and the date on which ownership was transferred.

Scope of record keeping duties

5. Paragraphs 1 and 3 do not apply in respect of the movement of—
- (a) eggs direct to retail premises, at or from such premise or subsequent to such a movement;
 - (b) people to zoos, wildlife parks or (unless required by the Welsh Ministers) any other premises open to the public, provided the public has no access to any area where birds are kept;
 - (c) the following onto any premises where poultry or other captive birds are kept—
 - (i) any person on a public right of way or exercising any other right of access to the premises;
 - (ii) trespassers;
 - (iii) any person executing this Order.

Restrictions on the movement of poultry, other captive birds and mammals onto and off premises

6. (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), no person is to move poultry, other captive birds or mammals from or to premises in the zone where poultry or other captive birds are kept, unless the movement is licensed by a veterinary inspector or by an inspector under the direction of a veterinary inspector.
- (2) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply to pet animals which—
- (a) only have access to that part of the premises where people live;
 - (b) have no contact with poultry or other captive birds on the premises; and
 - (c) have no access to any cages or areas on the premises where poultry or other captive birds are kept.

Biosecurity measures

7. The occupier and any person entering or leaving premises in the zone where poultry, other captive birds or eggs are kept must—
- (a) take such biosecurity measures as he considers necessary to reduce the risk of the spread of avian influenza to or from the premises; and
 - (b) comply with any biosecurity requirements which a veterinary inspector or an inspector under the direction of a veterinary inspector by notice to him or her, imposes.

Litter, poultry manure and slurry

8. No person is to remove from premises in the zone or spread used poultry litter, poultry manure or poultry slurry unless licensed by a veterinary inspector or by an inspector under the direction of a veterinary inspector.

Gatherings of poultry

9. No person is to permit any poultry or other captive birds to be collected together at any fair, market, show, exhibition or other gathering in the zone.

Release of game

10. No person is to release game birds.

Restrictions on the movement of poultry and eggs within the zone

11. Subject to paragraph 12, no person is to move any poultry or eggs within the zone (other than through the zone by road or rail without stopping), unless licensed by a veterinary inspector.

Wholesale and retail distribution of eggs within the zone

12. Paragraph 11 does not apply to the movement of eggs direct to wholesale or retail premises, or subsequent to such a movement.

Biosecurity measures

13. A veterinary inspector must not grant a licence under paragraph 11 unless he or she is satisfied that the licensee will take appropriate biosecurity measures and the taking of such measures must be conditions of the licence.

Movement of poultry to a slaughterhouse

14. A veterinary inspector may license the movement of poultry from outside any avian influenza protection and surveillance zones to a slaughterhouse within the surveillance zone and subsequent movements of the meat derived from such poultry.

Restrictions on the movement of poultry and eggs out of the zone

15. (1) Subject to paragraph 16, no person is to move any poultry or eggs out of the zone, unless the movement is—
- (a) a movement set out in sub-paragraph (2); and
 - (b) licensed by a veterinary inspector.
- (2) The movements referred to in sub-paragraph (1) are movements of—
- (a) poultry for slaughter (if the requirements of paragraph 17 are met);
 - (b) day-old chicks hatched from eggs originating within the protection or surveillance zone or from eggs which came into contact with such eggs (if the requirements of paragraph 18 are met);
 - (c) day-old chicks hatched from eggs originating outside the protection and surveillance zones kept separate from eggs produced in such a zone (if the requirements of paragraph 19 are met);
 - (d) ready-to-lay poultry to premises or a part of any premises where no poultry are kept;
 - (e) hatching eggs from the zone—
 - (i) to a designated hatchery; or

- (ii) to designated premises for use for scientific, diagnostic or pharmaceutical purposes
- (if, in both cases, the requirements of paragraph 20 are met);
- (f) eggs to a designated egg packing centre (if the requirements of paragraph 21 are met);
- (g) eggs to an egg processing plant;
- (h) eggs for disposal.

Wholesale and retail distribution of table eggs

16. Paragraph 15 does not apply to a movement of table eggs direct to wholesale or retail premises or subsequent to such a movement.

Requirements for the movement of poultry from premises in the zone to a designated slaughterhouse

17. Poultry may be moved from premises in the zone to a designated slaughterhouse, but only within 24 hours of the completion of a veterinary inspection of the premises.

Requirements for the movement of day-old chicks hatched from eggs produced within the protection or surveillance zone or from eggs which have had contact with such eggs

18. Day-old chicks from eggs produced within the protection or surveillance zone or from eggs which have had contact with such eggs must not be moved unless any biosecurity measures laid down by a veterinary inspector by notice or licence condition are complied with.

Requirements for the movement of day-old chicks hatched from eggs originating outside the protection and surveillance zones

19. Day-old chicks from eggs originating outside any avian influenza protection and surveillance zones must not be moved unless the hatchery within the zone is operated in such a way that eggs from outside the zone do not come into contact with eggs or day-old chicks from within the zone.

Requirements for the movement of hatching eggs from the zone to a designated hatchery, or to designated premises for use for scientific, diagnostic or pharmaceutical purposes

20. Hatching eggs must not be moved from the zone to a designated hatchery or to designated premises for use for scientific, diagnostic or pharmaceutical purposes unless the eggs and their packaging are disinfected before they leave the premises.

Requirements for the movement of eggs to an egg packing centre

21. Eggs must not be moved to a designated egg packing centre unless—
- (a) they are packed in disposable packaging; and
 - (b) any person transporting the eggs complies with any biosecurity measures laid down by a veterinary inspector.

Cleansing and disinfection of vehicles carrying anything which may be contaminated

22. A person who transports any poultry, other captive bird, meat, feed, manure, slurry, litter or any other thing which may be contaminated must cleanse and disinfect the vehicle and any equipment used to transport that thing as soon as it is unloaded, in accordance with article 66.

Cleansing and disinfection of vehicles

23. A person who enters or leaves premises in the zone by vehicle must cleanse and disinfect without delay any part of the vehicle which may have been contaminated, in accordance with article 66.

Annex 3

Map showing the Surveillance Zone (10km) centred on grid reference SJ2770139104

The grid reference is to the Ordnance Survey [Landranger 1:110,000 series].

