WILDLIFE INCIDENT UNIT

33/12



WILDLIFE INCIDENT REPORT

INCIDENT NUMBER

33/12

PART OF STUDY

FSGD-170

REGIONAL NUMBER

W/12/07

OTHER REFERENCES 29-B0053-03-12

SENDER

VLA Aberystwyth

LOCATION

Anglesey

GRID REFERENCE

INCIDENT DATE

9 February 2012

SUSPECTED CAUSE

OF INCIDENT

starvation

DATE OF REPORT

10 May 2012

REPORTING OFFICER

SIGNED:

NUMBERS AND SPECIES INVOLVED

1

buzzard

COPIED TO







Samples received

Date received Sample identifier

94994

buzzard

15/3/12

Spec 1, VLA ref 29-B53-3-12

94994

buzzard

tissues

15/3/12

Spec 1, VLA ref 29-B53-3-12

Summary of field data

There is no field report with this incident. The post mortem report indicates that a buzzard was found injured in a back garden of a house, it died shortly afterwards.

Summary of post mortem report

An adult male buzzard was submitted, weighing 480g, in a poor body condition with a moderate degree of autolysis. The buzzard had very poor musculature on the keel bone. Only red mucus was present in the proventriculus of this bird and there was very little ingesta in the rest of the intestinal tract. No other lesions were seen in organs examined, but the endocrine system was not examined. The lack of ingesta in the intestinal tract of this bird may suggest that it had not been feeding and that it may have died of starvation.

Analysis: rodenticide analysis suite

94994

liver

bromadiolone

confirmed

0.073

mg/kg

94994 liver

difenacoum

confirmed

0.011

mg/kg

Conclusion

It was suspected that this buzzard had been poisoned. Tests for a range of anticoagulant rodenticides have been conducted. Residues of difenacoum and brodifacoum at background levels were found. The post mortem report suggested that the animal may have died through starvation. The cause of death remains uncertain.