



Llywodraeth Cymru  
Welsh Government

# Rhaglen Diwygio Mynediad Access Reform Programme

## Policy Intent: Expert Group 3 Communicating Access Rights

January 2020

## **1. Introduction**

The Welsh Government is developing options to provide for wider access to the countryside, for the purposes of recreation.

This paper outlines the overall aims of Expert Group 3 in developing recommendations for future legislative and other changes relating to communicating access rights.

## **2. Background**

In 2017, Welsh Government issued the Sustainable Management of Natural Resources (SMNR) Consultation. This included proposed reforms relating to access to the countryside. The Government approach to the SMNR Access proposals, stated that:

- Our Natural Resources Policy illustrates that nature-based solutions can support physical and mental health. That is why we are committed, as a Government, to increasing both access to and enjoyment of our countryside for people – to take advantage of the many health and wellbeing benefits that getting outside can bring.
- An accessible countryside supports our efforts to boost Wales as a tourism destination.

On 4 April 2019, the Deputy Minister for Housing & Local Government published a Written Statement setting out the Government's response to the access proposals within Chapter 4. In this statement, seven proposals were identified that required more detailed consideration of the way in which they should be taken forward.

The Deputy Minister committed to establish an independent Access Reform Advisory Group (ARAG) consisting of a Steering Group and three Expert Groups to consider these proposals further and make recommendations on their implementation.

## **3. Access Reform Programme (ARP) Policy intent**

The overall policy intent for the reform programme is to improve access to outdoor recreation using the public rights of way network and open access land in order to support the Welsh Government's policies in areas such as public health and tourism. The reforms are intended to give greater access to the outdoors for a wider range of activities, and, to improve the processes that are currently associated with administering public rights of way and access land.

The role of ARAG is to consider in detail, how the more significant changes to access rights should be implemented and the simplification of the recording, planning and changing of public access.

#### 4. Policy Intent for Expert Group 3

The remit of Expert Group 3 is to consider in detail possible approaches to delivering the intent of the reforms below, as developed from proposal 19 and 23 from the SMNR consultation. The overall policy intent for the Expert Group 3 work is:

**To improve the process of creating, storing and communication of statutory access maps and develop a more integrated approach to planning improvements to access provision.**

This is split into two workstreams:

##### **Reform 3a – Access Mapping**

To deliver a more integrated and updatable system for statutory public access and for publicly accessible areas, and providing comprehensive and easily-accessible mapping for public use.

##### **Reform 3b - Integrated Plans**

To create the requirement for Local Authorities and National Park Authorities to develop integrated plans of public recreational access in local authority areas to facilitate and support delivery across multiple policy areas and integrating with other services.

These reforms are to support the aims of the ARP and will set the foundation for the following:-

- An integrated and up to date system for identifying, designating and recording statutory public access rights and publicly accessible areas
- A comprehensive, accessible and easily-understood digital mapping and associated information of public rights of access and publicly accessible areas
- Integrated planning for the management and improvement of public access in local authority areas and facilitation of partnership working

Consideration of “public access rights and publicly accessible areas” could include:

- Maps of CRoW access land
- Definitive public rights of way maps
- National Trust land
- National Trails
- Wales Coast Path
- Common land
- Land or inland waters subject to access agreements
- Public open space
- Country Parks
- Woodland with statutory access rights or an access agreement
- Other promoted trails with public access
- National Cycle Network routes
- Active Travel Routes
- Minor road networks

The Expert Group will consider the implications and issues for implementation of the above reforms, identifying barriers to delivery and putting forward options for overcoming these barriers.

## **5. Cross-cutting themes**

In its work the Expert Group should consider as far as possible the implications for other key matters including for equality of public access, ensuring responsible recreation, the status of commercial recreational activities and the role of local access forums within the context of these reforms. Also, to consider the links with the other reforms being considered within the wider Access Reform Programme and other Welsh Government work streams such as Land Management Reform.

## **6. Deliverables and timeline**

The Expert Group will be tasked with producing the following outputs which will be drafted by NRW secretariat following each Expert Group meeting:-

1. Problem definition paper - March 2020
2. Reform options paper – April 2020
3. Reform options analysis report – July 2020
4. Preferred options recommendation – November 2020

Details of the above documents and intermediate processes are set out in the Programme Initiation Document.

## **7. Principles of Engagement**

In working towards these outputs, Expert Group members are expected to participate in constructive engagement in line with the behaviours set out in the Expert Group Terms of Reference.

The group should consider different options robustly and fairly while respecting differing views and interests. These options should be tested against criteria used by the wider Access Reform Programme as outlined in the Terms of Reference, namely:

- a. Extent of access
- b. Quality of access
- c. Permanency
- d. Clarity and Certainty
- e. Cost
- f. Monitoring and Enforcement
- g. Equity of Access
- h. Greater efficiency and transparency

Options should be reviewed and prioritised according to merit giving due consideration to their impact on all sectors.