Child first - A Guide to Applying to Stay in Wales for Unaccompanied Asylum Seeking Children

Information about claiming asylum and staying in Wales without your family if you’re under 18
Wales is part of the UK. Your right to stay in Wales depends on the UK’s immigration rules.

My rights through the Immigration and Age Assessment processes

If you are under 18, you are treated as a child, and in accordance with the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC). This means:

► Decisions taken by adults about you should always be made in your best interests
► Your views should be listened to and taken into account when decisions are made
► Your language, culture and religion should be respected
► You should be kept safe from harm
► You shouldn’t be detained

If immigration officials or the local authority, also known as the council, think you look a lot older than 17, you may have to have an ‘age assessment’.

A decision that is ‘in your best interests’ is a decision taken by adults which takes into account all the relevant circumstances, including your views. It may not always be the decision you want.

Children’s Legal Centre
Canolfan Gyfreithiol y Plant
Children’s Legal Centre
Wales
Applying to stay in the UK

You can claim asylum in the UK if you’ve left your own country because you were treated unfairly or cruelly for a reason including your race, your religion, your nationality, or a particular social group or holding a political opinion (or you’re scared that you will be treated unfairly or cruelly for one of these reasons). A particular social group could include child soldiers or trafficked children.

► You need to make your asylum claim as soon as possible after you arrive in the UK. You may need to make an appointment with United Kingdom Visas and Immigration (UKVI), the UK’s immigration service, to do this – your social worker can help you with this.

► You will need legal advice to help with your claim. Your local authority (the organisation which will be looking after you where you live in Wales) should make sure you receive this.

► A translator or interpreter should be available, if you need one, for any interviews you have to attend so you can understand what's happening and make sure you are understood.

► If your asylum claim is successful, you will be given refugee status and can stay in the UK. After 5 years, this is reviewed. You can apply for indefinite leave to remain in the UK at this point.

► If your claim for asylum is unsuccessful you may be given humanitarian protection. You can usually stay in the UK for up to 5 years. You can then apply for indefinite leave to remain in the UK.

► In some circumstances, if you came to the UK from somewhere else in the EU under s.67 of the Immigration Act and you are not granted asylum, you may get s.67 leave which means you will be able to stay in the UK for 5 years, receive financial support from the UK Government and access public services during that time. After 5 years you will be able to apply for Indefinite Leave to Remain in the UK but there is no guarantee you will receive this.

► If you aren’t given asylum or humanitarian protection, and are not entitled to s.67 leave, you will get Unaccompanied Asylum Seeker (UASC) leave to remain. You can usually stay in Wales/the UK for 30 months or until you are 17.5. You can apply to extend this, if you’d like to stay longer in the UK.

If you don’t agree with the decision that followed your asylum claim, you can ask for a review. You will need legal advice to help with your asylum claim. Your local authority (the organisation which will be looking after you where you live in Wales) should make sure you receive this.

Birds of a feather flock together.

Canolfan Gyfreithiol y Plant
Children’s Legal Centre
If I can't stay in the UK

The process of applying for asylum can take a long time and it might be decided that you cannot stay in the UK. The UK Government has to consider its own rules about returning people to countries that it judges to be unsafe. Your lawyer will advise you. If you do have to return home, travel arrangements will be made by the UK Government.

Applying to stay for longer

If you want to apply for indefinite leave to remain in the UK, or want to extend your leave to remain in the UK, you must make your application before your existing leave runs out.

My family

- If you have been granted refugee status and can stay in the UK, there are very limited situations where you can apply for parents and siblings to join you, but it is very unlikely that they will be able to. Your lawyer will advise you. If you’ve come to Wales but your parents are in another EU country, the authorities may decide that it is in your best interests for you to be reunited with your family in that other country.
- If you have come to the UK to join family members here, you will still need to sort out your immigration status. Your lawyer will advise you.

Age assessment

If the authorities think you look older (or younger) than the age you say you are, you may have to have an age assessment.

You will be asked lots of questions – some may be quite personal and will cover lots of things to try and establish your age. You can have an adult that you trust with you through this process to make sure your rights are respected. You’ll be asked if you have any documents with you that confirm who you are and your age.

You should be treated as a child until the decision is made about your age.

- If the decision is that you are under 18, you will continue to be treated as a child
- If the decision is that you are 18 or older, you will be treated as an adult and a different asylum system applies.

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Organisations that can help you:

Your social worker and your foster carer (if you have one)
Welsh Refugee Council
welshrefugeecouncil.org.uk
029 20489 800
TGP Cymru
www.trosgynnal.org.uk
029 2039 6974
National Youth Advocacy Service
www.nyas.net/services/our-services-in-wales
0808 801 1000
Ethnic Youth Support Team (EYST)
eyt.org.uk
01792 466980 / 1
Cardiff City of Sanctuary
cardiff.cityofsanctuary.org
029 2048 2478
Swansea City of Sanctuary
swansea.cityofsanctuary.org
07496 172895
Children's Commissioner for Wales
www.childcomwales.org.uk
0808 801 1000
Asylum Justice
asylumjustice.org.uk
029 2049 9421

Remember that the police in Wales are here to help you. Don't be afraid to contact them. If it is an emergency, call 999. Otherwise, you can call 101 to speak to the police.

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Other guides in this series:

- **Child First – A Guide to Rights and Entitlements for Unaccompanied Asylum Seeking Children**
- **Child First – A Guide to Being Looked After for Unaccompanied Asylum Seeking Children**

Find out more about children’s rights and the law as it affects children in Wales on the Children’s Legal Centre Wales Website

[www.childrenslegalcentre.wales](http://www.childrenslegalcentre.wales)

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